



DEBASISH ROY & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

Garia (East) Tentulberia
Near Adarsha Sishu Vidyapith
P.O. Panchpota, Kolkata-700152
Email Id: debasishroy1962@yahoo.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To

The Members of

BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Ind AS financial statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder





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including the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and the applicable authoritative pronouncement issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder including the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and the applicable authoritative pronouncement issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Other Matters

The comparative financial information of the company for the year ended 31st March 2017 included in the financial statements, are based on the previously published Standalone financial results/statements for the said periods prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India audited by predecessor auditor and whose audit report for the year ended 31st March 2017 dated 30th May





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2017 expressed an modified opinion, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the company on transition to the Ind AS, which has not been audited by us.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure- "A" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of the such controls, refer to our report in Annexure-"B"; and
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.





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- ii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0330067E

Place: Kolkata
Date: 24th May, 2018



Debasish Roy
Proprietor
Membership No. 056288

Annexure I to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, we report that:

- (i) The company has no fixed asset. Hence clause 3 i(a), i(b) & i(c) of the said order are not applicable to the company.
- (ii) The company does not have any inventories. Hence clause 3 ii(a), ii(b), ii(c) of the said order are not applicable to the company.
- (iii) The Company has not granted loans to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), hence clause (iii) (a), (b) & (c) of the order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security,
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the Public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable
- (vi) According to the information & explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of manufacture of its products by the company.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues like Income tax, sales tax, Value added tax, Goods & Service Tax applicable to it with appropriate authorities. There were no undisputed amount payable in respect of any statutory dues which were in arrears as at 31st March, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.





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(b) There were no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax & Goods & Service Tax which have not been deposited as at 31st March, 2018 on account of any dispute.

(viii) According to information and explanation given to us by the management, as on balance sheet date the company is not in default w.r.t. repayment of loans and borrowings to a financial institutions, banks or government, further the company has not issued any debentures.

(ix) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management during the year under review, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments. To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the Information and Explanation given to us, term loans availed by the company were prima facie applied by the company during the year for the purpose for which the loan were Obtained.

(x) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

(xi) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act.

(xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4 (xiv) of the Order are not





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applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

(xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

(xvi) In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0330067E

Place: Kolkata
Date: 24th May, 2018



Debasish Roy
Proprietor
Membership No.056288



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Annexure II to the Independent Auditors' Report

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3
of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

In conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018, We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), which is a company incorporated in India, as of that date.

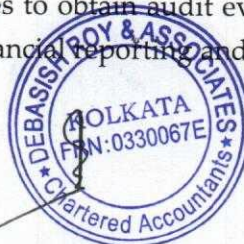
Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our





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audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate





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because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2018, and its profit, change in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0330067E



Place: Kolkata
Date: 24th May, 2018

Debasish Roy
Proprietor
Membership No.056288

BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

Address:- SY NO. 121/9, KATHA NO. 261/25, 2ND FLOOR, NELAMANGALA TALUK,
KASABA HOBLI, ARISHINAKUNTE GRAMA BANGALORE 562123 (KARNATAKA)

CIN :- U75302KA1997PTC112216

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2018

(Amounts in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Note No.	As at		
			31st March, 2018	31st March, 2017	1st April, 2016
	ASSETS				
(1)	Non-Current Assets				
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	-
	(b) Financial Assets		-	-	-
	(i) Investments	3	2,80,000.00	2,84,234.15	5,89,915.00
	(c) Other non-current assets		-	-	-
	Total Non-Current Assets		2,80,000.00	2,84,234.15	5,89,915.00
(2)	Current assets				
	(a) Inventories		-	-	-
	(b) Financial Assets		-	-	-
	(i) Investments		-	-	-
	(ii) Trade receivables		-	-	-
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	4	443.13	37.18	349.91
	(iv) Other Bank Balances		-	-	-
	(v) Loans		-	-	-
	(vi) Others	5	3,05,905.00	3,05,995.00	-
	(c) Current Tax Assets (net)		-	-	-
	(d) Other current assets		-	-	-
	Total Current Assets		3,06,348.13	3,06,032.18	349.91
	Total Assets		5,86,348.13	5,90,266.33	5,90,264.91
(1)	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
	Equity				
	(a) Equity Share capital	6	6,002.00	6,002.00	6,002.00
	(b) Other Equity	7	5,77,612.53	5,84,244.40	5,84,243.68
	Total Equity		5,83,614.53	5,90,246.40	5,90,245.68
	Liabilities				
(2)	Non-current liabilities				
	(a) Financial Liabilities		-	-	-
	(i) Borrowings		-	-	-
	(b) Provisions		-	-	-
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	-	-
	Total Non-Current Liabilities		-	-	-
(3)	Current liabilities				
	(a) Financial liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings	8	2,602.60	-	-
	(ii) Trade payables	9	60.00	-	-
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	10	17.23	17.00	17.00
	(b) Other current liabilities		-	-	-
	(c) Provisions	11	53.77	2.93	2.23
	(d) Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-	-
	Total Current Liabilities		2,733.60	19.93	19.23
	Total Liabilities		2,733.60	19.93	19.23
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,86,348.13	5,90,266.33	5,90,264.91

Significant accounting Policies

1 & 2

Notes forming Part of Financial Statements

1 to 21

As per our Annexed Report of even date.

For Debasish Roy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 0330067E



For and on behalf of the board of directors
Blood Hound Security Company (P) Ltd.

Sandeep Pareek
(Director)
(Din: 07765730)

Mitha Lal Nagda
(Director)
(Din: 07813813)

Debasish Roy
(Proprietor)

Membership No. 056288

Place : Bangalore

Date: 24th May, 2018

BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

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KASABA HOBLI, ARISHINAKUNTE GRAMA BANGALORE 562123 (KARNATAKA)
CIN :- U75302KA1997PTC112216

Statement of Profit & Loss For The Year Ended 31 March, 2018

(Amounts In '000)

	Particulars	Note No	31st March,2018	31st March,2017
I	Revenue from Operations		-	-
II	Other Income	12	400.00	28.00
III	Total Revenue(I+II)		400.00	28.00
IV	EXPENSES		-	-
	Cost of raw material and components consumed		-	-
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods		-	-
	Employee benefit expense		-	-
	Depreciation and amortization expense		-	-
	Finance cost		-	-
	Other expense	13	191.19	26.59
	Total expenses		191.19	26.59
V	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax from operations(III-IV)		208.81	1.41
VI	Exceptional items		-	-
VII	Profit/(Loss)before tax from operations		208.81	1.41
VIII	Tax expense		-	-
	Current tax		53.77	0.70
	Deferred Tax		-	-
IX	Profit/(Loss) of the year(VII-VIII)		155.04	0.71
X	Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(6,786.90)	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
	Total Comprehensive Income(IX+X)		(6,631.86)	0.71
	Earnings per Equity Shares		-	-
	1) Basic (in ₹)		0.26	0.00
	2) Diluted (in ₹)		0.26	0.00

Significant accounting Policies

1 & 2

Notes forming Part of Financial Statements

1 to 21

As per our Annexed Report of even date.

For Debasish Roy & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no : 0330067E

Debasish Roy
(Proprietor)

Membership No. 056288



For and on behalf of the board of directors
Blood Hound Security Company (P) Ltd.

SANDEEP PAREEK
(Director)
(Din: 07765730)

MITHA LAL NAGDA
(Director)
(Din: 07813813)

Place : Bangalore

Date: 24nd May, 2018

BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED
Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March, 2018

Equity Share Capital

(Amounts In '000)

Balance at the 1st April 2017	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of 31st March 2018
6,002.00	Nil	6,002.00

Balance at the 1st April 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of 31st March 2017
6,002.00	Nil	6,002.00

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March, 2018

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total Other equity
	Security Premium	Retained earnings	Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income	
Balance as of April 1, 2017	5,84,298.00	(53.60)	-	5,84,244.40
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2018	-	-	-	-
Net gain on FVTOCI equity Securities	-	-	(6,786.90)	(6,786.90)
Profit for the period	-	155.04	-	155.04
Balance as of March 31, 2018	5,84,298.00	101.43	(6,786.90)	5,77,612.53

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March, 2017

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total Other equity
	Security Premium	Retained earnings	Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income	
Balance as of April 1, 2016	5,84,298.00	(54.32)	-	5,84,243.68
Changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2017	-	-	-	-
Net gain on FVTOCI equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Profit for the period	-	0.71	-	0.71
Balance as of March 31, 2017	5,84,298.00	(53.60)	-	5,84,244.40

Notes forming Part of Financial Statements

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration no. : 0330067E

Debasish Roy
(Proprietor)
Membership No. 056288



For and on behalf of the board of directors
Blood Hound Security Company (P) Ltd.

SANDEEP PAREEK
(Director)
(Din: 07765730)

MITHA LAL NAGDA
(Director)
(Din: 07813813)

Place : Bangalore
Date: 24nd May, 2018

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CIN :- U75302KA1997PTC112216

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

(Amounts In '000)

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	Year Ended 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit Before Taxation	208.81	1.41
Adjustments for:	0.00	0.00
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	0.00	0.00
Cash flow before working capital changes	208.81	1.41
Adjustments for working capital changes:	0.00	0.00
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	2602.83	0.00
Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors	60.00	0.00
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	50.84	0.70
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	90.00	(305995.00)
Cash flow from operations	3012.47	(305992.89)
Income Taxes Paid	-53.77	(0.70)
Cash flow from operating activities	2958.70	(305993.59)
	0.00	0.00
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	0.00	0.00
Proceeds from Non Current Investments	(2552.75)	305680.85
Cash flow from investing activities	(2552.75)	305680.85
	0.00	0.00
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	0.00	0.00
Cash flow from financing activities	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	405.95	(312.74)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	37.18	349.91
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	443.13	37.18

As per our Annexed Report of even date.

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 0330067E

Debasish Roy
(Proprietor)
Membership No. 056288



For and on behalf of the board of directors
Blood Hound Security Company (P) Ltd.

SANDEEP PAREEK
(Director)
(Din: 07765730)

MITHA LAL NAGDA
(Director)
(Din: 07813813)

Place : Bangalore
Date: 24nd May, 2018

BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Corporate Information

Blood Hound Security Company Private Limited (the company) is a private limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The company is primarily engaged in investing activities.

2 Significant accounting policies

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

These financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2018 are the first financials with comparatives, prepared under Ind AS. For all previous periods including the year ended 31st March, 2017, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under companies (Accounting Standard) Rule, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act (hereinafter referred to as 'Previous GAAP') used for its statutory reporting requirement in India.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements, including the preparation of the opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2016 being the date of transition to Ind AS. The Transition to Ind AS was carried out in accordance with 'Ind AS 101 - First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards'. The transition has been carried out from Indian GAAP which is considered as the Previous GAAP, as defined in Ind AS 101. Refer Note No. 20 to the Ind AS financial Statements for description of the effect of the transition and reconciliation required as per Ind AS 101.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorize for issue on 22 May 2018.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian Rupees ("INR") which is the Company's presentation currency and the functional currency for its operations. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest thousands with two decimal places as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless stated otherwise.

2.4 Use of Estimates

The estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised. The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

2.5 Classification of Assets and Liabilities as Current and Non Current

All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of product & activities of the Company and their realization in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.6 Recognition of Revenue

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

2.7 Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate method.



2.8 Expenses

All expenses are charged in statement of profit and loss as and when they are incurred.

2.9 Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the costs to the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred.

Capital work-in-progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment under installation / under development as at the balance sheet date.

2.10 Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a written down value basis over the estimated useful lives of all the assets as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

2.11 Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is accounted for as follows-

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.12 Employee benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits are recognised as an expense on accrual basis.

2.13 Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with Income Tax Act 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable in the future arising from temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. It is accounted for using balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

2.14 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent Liability is disclosed in case of a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or where no reliable estimate is possible. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in financial statements but are disclosed in notes.

Contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements. A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

2.15 Impairment of Assets

Non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any Property, plant and equipment and intangible asset or group of assets called cash generating units (CGUs) may be impaired. Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.



2.16 Earning Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share ('EPS') is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earning per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e the average market value of the equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

2.17 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, as set out in Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows', whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.18 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash flows, Cash and Cash Equivalents consists of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding overdraft, if any, as they are consider an integral part of company's cash management.

2.19 Financial Instruments

a) Initial Recognition

The company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

b) Subsequent Measurement

(i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

c) Derecognition

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

d) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.



2.20 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS-NON CURRENT: INVESTMENTS

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Unquoted Equity Instruments	-	-	4,47,665.00
2,86,787 units of Next Orbit Ventures Fund	2,80,000.00	2,84,234.15	1,42,250.00
TOTAL	2,80,000.00	2,84,234.15	5,89,915.00

4. FINANCIAL ASSETS-CURRENT: CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Balances at Bank	439.75	10.00	325.00
Cash on hand (As certified by the management)	3.38	27.18	24.91
TOTAL	443.13	37.18	349.91

5. CURRENT ASSETS- Other

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Security Deposit of Office	50.00	50.00	-
Other Receivable	3,05,855.00	3,05,945.00	-
TOTAL	3,05,905.00	3,05,995.00	-



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

6. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL		
Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)
Authorised		
602000 (602000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	6020.00	6020.00
Issued ,Subscribed and Paid up		
600200 (600200) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	6020.00	6020.00
TOTAL	6020.00	6020.00

6A. RECONCILIATION OF NUMBER OF SHARES

Particulars	31st March,2018		31st March,2017	
	No. of Shares	(Amounts In '000)	No. of Shares	(Amounts In '000)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	600200	6002.00	600200	6002.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	600200	6002.00	600200	6002.00

6B.DETAILS OF SHARES HELD BY SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING MORE THAN 5% OF THE AGGREGATE SHARES

Particulars	31st March,2018		31st March,2017	
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each:				
Gaze Fashiontrade Limited	600000	99.97%	600000	99.97%

6C. The ultimate holding company is Pacific Industries Limited

7. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)
Securities Premium Account		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	584298.00	584298.00
Additions during the year	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year (A)	584298.00	584298.00
Surplus in Statement of Profit & Loss		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	(53.60)	(54.32)
Add: Net Profit /(Net Loss) for the current year	155.04	0.71
Balance as at the end of the year (B)	101.43	(53.60)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	-	-
Changes in fair value during the year	(6786.90)	-
Balance as at the end of the year (C)	(6786.90)	-
TOTAL (A+B+C)	577612.53	584244.40



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

8. Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
From Related Parties	2,602.60	-	-
TOTAL	2,602.60	-	-

9. Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Sundry Creditors	60.00	-	-
TOTAL	60.00	-	-

10. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Accounting Charges Payable	12.00	12.00	12.00
Audit Fees Payable	2.50	2.50	2.50
Secretarial Fees Payable	2.50	2.50	2.50
Outstanding Expenses Payable	0.23	-	-
TOTAL	17.23	17.00	17.00

11. SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	As at 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)	As at 1st April,2016 (Amounts In '000)
Provision For Income Tax	53.77	2.93	2.23
TOTAL	53.77	2.93	2.23



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

(Amounts In '000)

12. OTHER INCOME		
Particulars	Year Ended 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	Year Ended 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)
Contractual Income	-	28.00
Profit on sale of Investment	400.00	0.00
TOTAL	400.00	28.00

13. OTHER EXPENSES		
Particulars	Year Ended 31st March,2018 (Amounts In '000)	Year Ended 31st March,2017 (Amounts In '000)
Accounting Charges	12.00	12.00
Bank Charges	7.50	0.85
Filing Fees	1.50	1.50
General Expenses	39.98	4.79
Postage & Telegram	1.02	1.08
Printing & Stationery	1.37	1.36
Secretarial Fees	2.50	2.50
Website Expenses	-	-
Electricity Expenses	6.43	-
Professional Fees	20.00	-
Rent	96.40	-
Statutory Audit fees	2.50	2.50
TOTAL	191.19	26.59



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

(Amounts in '000)

14 Earning Per Share	31st March, 2018	31st March, 2017
<i>Basis for Calculation of Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share is as under</i>		
Profit after Tax	155.04	0.71
Weighted Avg No. of Equity Shares	600200	600200
Basic EPS (INR)	0.26	0.00
Diluted EPS (INR)	0.26	0.00

15 TAX EXPENSES

Income tax expense in the statement of profit and loss comprises:

Particulars	As at	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Income tax expenses		
a) Current taxes	53.77	0.70
b) Deferred taxes	-	-
c) Tax in respect of earlier year	-	-
	53.77	0.70

A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before income taxes is summarized below:

Particulars	As at	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Profit before tax	208.81	1.41
Applicable tax rate	25.75%	30.90%
Tax expense calculated at applicable rate	53.77	0.70
Effect of Allowances for tax purpose		
Effect of Non deductible expenses		
Effect of tax related to previous years		
Effect of brought forward		
losses/unabsorbed depreciation		
Others		
Tax expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	53.77	0.70



16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(A) Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debts divided by total equity plus net debts. Net debt are non-current and current borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

(B) Financial risk management policy and objectives

The key objective of the Company's financial risk management is to ensure that it maintains a stable capital structure with the focus on total equity to uphold investor, creditor, and customer confidence and to ensure future development of its business. The Company is focused on maintaining a strong equity base to ensure independence, security, as well as financial flexibility for potential future borrowings, if required without impacting the risk profile of the Company. Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise Borrowings, trade

Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board oversees the management of these risks. The Company's Board is supported by senior management team that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The management provides assurance to the Company's Board that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in

i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include investments in equity shares, security deposits, trade and other receivables, deposits with banks and financial liabilities.

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly from trade receivables & loans and from its financing activities, including balances with banks. Credit risk on trade receivables & loans is managed by the Company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash flow obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. Company's objective is to, at all time maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash requirements. Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. Management monitors the group's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected The table summarises maturity profile of Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments .

(Amounts In '000)

Particulars	31-Mar-18		
	within one year	more than one year	Total
Trade Paybles	60.00	-	60.00
Other financial liabilities	17.23	-	17.23

Particulars	31-Mar-17		
	within one year	more than one year	Total
Trade Paybles	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	17.00	-	17.00

Particulars	31-Mar-16		
	within one year	more than one year	Total
Trade Paybles	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	17.00	-	17.00



17 Segment reporting

The company business activities involve one operating segment only therefore segment reporting is not required.

18 Related Party Transactions

The company has made the following transactions with related parties during the year

Particulars	Amounts (In '000)
Outstanding balance of Loans at the end of the year	2602.60



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

Note: 19 Fair value measurement

Particulars	31st March, 2018				As at 31st March, 2017				1st April, 2016			
	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Carrying value	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Carrying value	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortised cost	Carrying value
Financial Assets												
(i) Investments	2,80,000			2,80,000	2,84,234			2,84,234	5,89,915			5,89,915
(ii) Cash & cash equivalents			443	443				37			350	350
(iii) Others			3,05,905	3,05,905			3,05,995					
Total	2,80,000	-	3,06,348	5,86,348	2,84,234	-	3,06,032	2,84,271	5,89,915	-	350	5,90,265
Financial Liabilities												
(i) Borrowings			2,603	2,603								
(ii) Trade payables			60	60								
(iii) Other financial liabilities			17	17			17	17			17	17
Total	-	-	2,680	2,680	-	-	17	17	-	-	17	17

Note: The Carrying value of financial assets and financial liabilities approximates fair value for the respective years

Fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:-

Particulars	31st March, 2018				As at 31st March, 2017				1st April, 2016			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial Assets												
(i) Investments	2,80,000			2,84,234				5,89,915				
Total	2,80,000	-	-	2,84,234	2,84,234	-	-	5,89,915	-	-	-	-

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of cash and deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

20 FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS

These are company's first standalone financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For the purposes of transition to Ind AS, the Company has followed the guidance prescribed in Ind AS 101 "First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard", with April 01, 2016 as the transition date and IGAAP as the previous GAAP.

The transition to Ind AS has resulted in changes in the presentation of the financial statements, disclosures in the notes thereto and accounting policies. The accounting policies set out in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 and the comparative information. An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, is set out in Note 20.2 and 20.3. Exemptions on first time adoption of Ind AS availed in accordance with Ind AS 101 have been set out in Note 20.1.

20.1 Exemptions availed on first time adoption of Ind-AS 101

An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind ASs at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is objective evidence that those estimates were in error.

Ind AS estimates as at 1 April 2016 are consistent with the estimates as at the same date made in conformity with previous GAAP. The Company made estimates for impairment of financial assets based on expected credit loss model in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition as these were not required under previous GAAP.

20.2 Balance Sheet reconciliation

Sr. No.	Particulars	Note No.	(Amount in 000)					
			As at April 1, 2016			As at March 31, 2017		
			Indian GAAP	Ind AS Adjustments	Ind AS	Indian GAAP	Ind AS Adjustments	Ind AS
ASSETS								
(1)	Non-current assets							
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Capital work-in-progress		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Financial Assets							
	(i) Investments		5,89,915.00	-	5,89,915.00	2,84,234.15	-	2,84,234.15
	(ii) Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) Others		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(d) Other non-current assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total non-current assets		5,89,915.00	-	5,89,915.00	2,84,234.15	-	2,84,234.15
(2)	Current assets							
	(a) Inventories		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Financial Assets							
	(i) Trade receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents		349.91	-	349.91	37.18	-	37.18
	(iii) Bank balance other than (iii) above		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iv) Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(v) Others		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)		-	-	-	3,05,995.00	-	3,05,995.00
	(d) Other current assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total current assets		349.91	-	349.91	3,06,032.18	-	3,06,032.18
	Total assets		5,90,264.91	-	5,90,264.91	5,90,266.33	-	5,90,266.33
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES								
(1)	Equity							
	(a) Equity Share capital		6,002.00	-	6,002.00	6,002.00	-	6,002.00
	(b) Other Equity		5,84,243.68	-	5,84,243.68	5,84,244.40	-	5,84,244.40
	Total equity		5,90,245.68	-	5,90,245.68	5,90,246.40	-	5,90,246.40
(2)	LIABILITIES							
	Non-current liabilities							
	(a) Financial Liabilities							
	(i) Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Deferred Tax Liability (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total non-current liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-
(3)	Current liabilities							
	(a) Financial liabilities							
	(i) Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Trade payables		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iii) Other financial liabilities		17.00	-	17.00	17.00	-	17.00
	(b) Other current liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Provisions		2.23	-	2.23	2.93	-	2.93
	Total current liabilities		19.23	-	19.23	19.93	-	19.93
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,90,264.91	-	5,90,264.91	5,90,266.33	-	5,90,266.33

20.3 There were no impact of Ind AS adjustments in profit & loss statement for the year ended 31 March 2017

20.4 Statement of Cash flows: The transition from Previous GAAP to Ind AS did not have a material impact on statement of cash flows as the Ind AS adjustments are either non cash adjustments or are regrouping among the cash flows from operating, investing & financing activities.



BLOOD HOUND SECURITY COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2018

- 21 The previous year's figures have been regrouped, rearranged and reclassified to conform to current year Ind-AS presentation requirements.

For Debasish Roy & Associates
Chartered Accountants

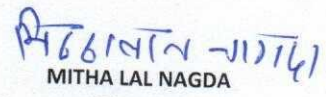
Debasish Roy
(Proprietor)
Membership No. 056288

Place : Bangalore
Date: 24nd May, 2018



For and on behalf of the board of directors
Blood Hound Security Company (P) Ltd.


SANDEEP PAREEK
(Director)
(Din: 07765730)


MITHA LAL NAGDA
(Director)
(Din: 07813813)